Habitat III Stakeholder Session

INTEGRATED URBAN DEVELOPMENT FRAMEWORK AND 2016-19 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

20 July 2016
PRESENTATION OUTLINE

1. RATIONALE FOR THE IUDF
2. IUDF PROCESS AND BACKGROUND
3. CORE ELEMENTS OF THE IUDF
4. 2016-2019 IMPLEMENTATION PRIORITIES
5. IUDF AND NEW URBAN AGENDA
6. CONCLUSION
1. RATIONALE FOR THE IUDF

• Global urbanisation trends increasing—SA reached urban tipping point in the early 90’s.

• The post 1994 agenda has been to address poverty, inequality and unemployment by breaking down apartheid geography through: “land reform, more compact cities, decent public transport and the development of industries and services that use local resources and/or meet local needs”. The Reconstruction and Development Programme, 1994.

• A fundamental reshaping of the colonial and apartheid geography may take decades, but by 2030 South Africa should observe meaningful and measurable progress in reviving rural areas and in creating more functionally integrated, balanced and vibrant urban settlements. For this to happen the country must:

(1) Clarify and relentlessly pursue a national vision for spatial development.
(2) Sharpen the instruments for achieving this vision.
(3) Build the required capabilities in the state and among citizens. The National Development Plan- 2030
It is about creating more functionally integrated, balanced and vibrant urban settlements:

- Weak spatial planning and governance
- Dysfunctional spatial patterns.
- Pressure on housing and basic services
- Too few people work
- Poorly located and maintained infrastructure.
2. IUDF PROCESS

Development of the IUDF started in November 2012.

**PHASE 1**
- Discussion Document launched in October 2013.

**PHASE 2**
- Draft IUDF approved by Cabinet in September 2014 for public consultation.

**PHASE 3**

**PHASE 4**
- CABINET APPROVES IUDF 26 April 2016.

**PHASE 5 (2016-2019)**
- Implementation of the short term (2016/19) priority actions as identified in the IUDF implementation plan.
3. CORE ELEMENTS OF THE IUDF

The IUDF’s overall outcome – spatial transformation: reversing the inefficient spatial patterns in a way that promotes both social and economic development while protecting the environment.

The IUDF proposes 3C growth model = compact, connected and coordinated cities and towns as opposed to fragmented development.

Land, transport, housing, and jobs are key structuring elements critical for the attainment of the outcome.

The overall objectives is to create efficient urban spaces by:
- Reducing travel costs and distances
- Aligning land use, transport planning and housing
- Preventing development of housing in marginal areas
- Increasing urban densities and reducing sprawl
- shift jobs and investment towards dense peripheral townships
- improve public transport and the coordination between transport modes
**Rural-urban interdependency** recognises the need for a more comprehensive, integrated approach to urban development that responds to both the urban and the rural environments.

**Urban resilience** – or disaster risk reduction and mitigation interventions in the planning and management of urban areas.

**Urban safety**, particularly safety in public spaces are essential ingredients for creating liveable and prosperous cities.
Liveable, safe, resource-efficient cities and towns that are socially integrated, economically inclusive and globally competitive, where residents actively participate in urban life.

**VISION**

**STRATEGIC GOALS**

- Inclusion and Access
- Inclusive Growth
- Effective Governance
- Spatial Integration

**LEVERS**

- Integrated urban planning and management
- Integrated transport and mobility
- Integrated and sustainable human settlements
- Integrated urban infrastructure
- Efficient land governance and management
- Inclusive economic development
- Empowered Active Communities
- Effective urban governance
- Sustainable Finances

**Strategic priorities**

P41-110
The IUDF is premised on the understanding that:

(1) integrated urban planning and management forms the basis for achieving integrated urban development, which follows a specific sequence of urban policy actions:

(2) integrated transport that informs (3) targeted investments into integrated human settlements, underpinned by (4) integrated infrastructure network systems and (5) efficient land governance, which all together can trigger (6) economic diversification and inclusion, and (7) empowered communities,

which in turn will demand (8) effective governance and (9) financial reform to enable and sustain all of the above.
4. 2016/19 IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

PRINCIPLES

1. Alignment to MTSF priorities and the identified policy priorities in the IUDF
2. Strengthen and improve collaboration in planning and delivery mechanisms
3. Acknowledge and adhere to the hierarchy of plans and stick to agreed plans
4. Differentiate between types of cities and towns and their roles in the national space economy
5. Provide opportunities for non-governmental stakeholders to co-create and contribute to solutions.
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<tr>
<th>MTSF PRIORITY</th>
<th>IUDE INTERVENTIONS</th>
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<td>Address spatial imbalances in economic activities</td>
<td>• Creating a responsive institutional, policy and regulatory environment,</td>
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<td>• Strengthen intergovernmental planning, budgeting and implementation</td>
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<td>• Strengthen rural-urban linkages.</td>
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<td>• Controlling urban sprawl.</td>
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<td>Sustainable human settlements and improved quality of household</td>
<td>• Accelerate the upgrading of informal settlements,</td>
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<td>Job creation and inclusive growth</td>
<td>• Create a conducive environment for business to flourish</td>
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<td>• Upscaling public sector led job creating initiatives</td>
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<td>Responsive and accountable local government</td>
<td>• Strengthen platforms for public participation and communication with all stakeholders.</td>
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5. IUDF & NEW URBAN AGENDA

PILLARS FOR EFFECTIVE IMPLEMENTATION

Building the Urban Governance Structures: Establishing a supportive framework

Planning and managing urban spatial development

Levers 1, 2, 3, 7, 8, 9

Urban Resilience
Urban Safety
Rural-urban linkages

Levers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5

Capacity development and tools, financing (UnHabitat multi-trust Fund),
Urban Governance: Establishing a supportive framework

Anchor the agenda on inclusive, equitable and implementable urban policies. (IUDF)

Establish legal and policy frameworks to enable local govt to implement

Stronger coordination between levels of government - ROLE CLARIFICATION

Ensure coherence between goals and measures of sectoral policies – land use, housing and mobility

Ensure appropriate fiscal, political and administrative decentralisation
6. CONCLUSION

There is very close alignment between the IUDF priorities and the New Urban Agenda.

There seems to be minimal emphasis on the role of non-government actors in the New Urban Agenda.

The impact though will be based on managing competing/conflicting priorities during the implementation.

THANK YOU